

# GREETINGS

FROM



Madison, Wisconsin

THE WISCONSIN STATE  
**ASSEMBLY**

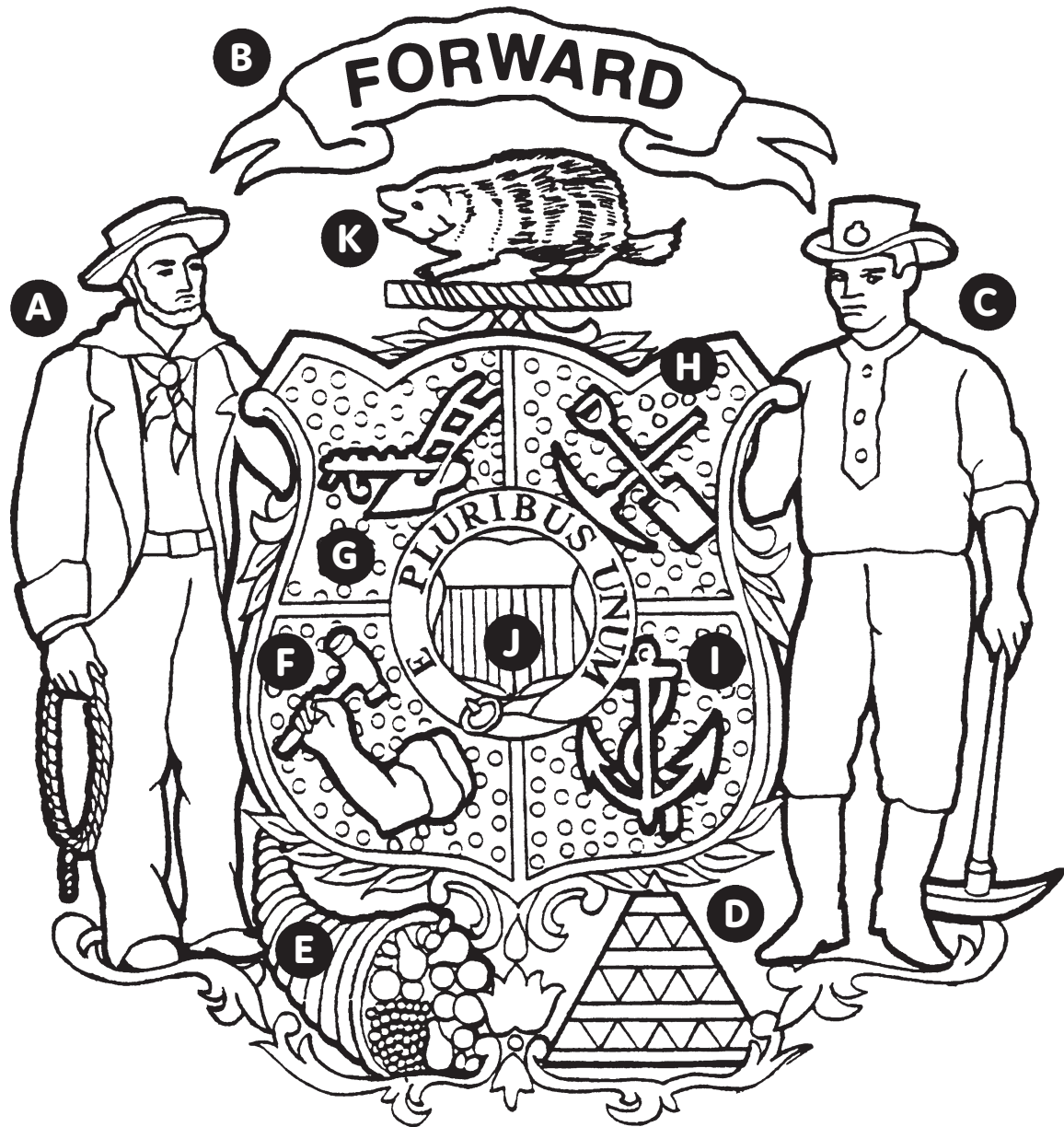
# STATUE OF WISCONSIN

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This statue on top of the Capitol dome is known by several names: Forward, Miss Forward, Wisconsin, and Miss Wisconsin. The statue is 15 feet tall and weighs 3½ tons. A badger rests on the crest of the helmet.



# CAN YOU IDENTIFY THESE SYMBOLS ON THE WISCONSIN COAT OF ARMS?

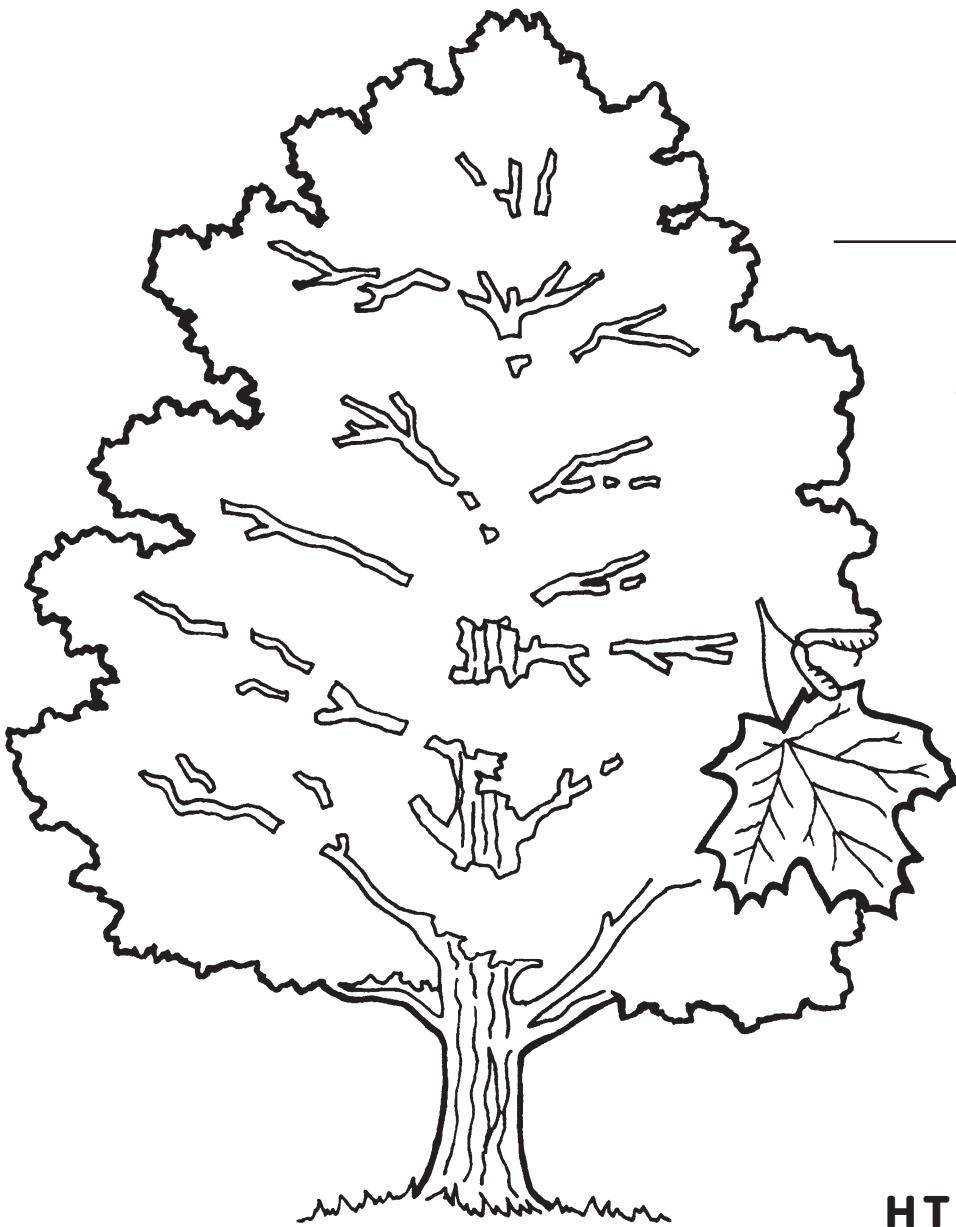


- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> State animal (badger)                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture (plow)                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> State motto ("Forward")               | <input type="checkbox"/> Mining (shovel & pick)                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Mineral wealth (pig lead)             | <input type="checkbox"/> Labor on water (sailor)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Navigation (anchor)                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Manufacturing (arm & hammer)             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prosperity and abundance (cornucopia) | <input type="checkbox"/> Loyalty to the Union (U.S. Coat of Arms) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Labor on land (miner)                 |   |

# STATE SYMBOLS

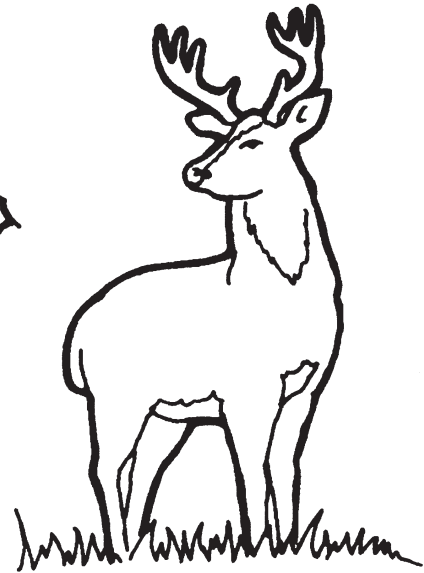
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How well do you know our state's symbols? We have provided you with the pictures but you'll have to unscramble the words to show the right name for each symbol.



STATE TREE  
**RSGUA ELMPA**

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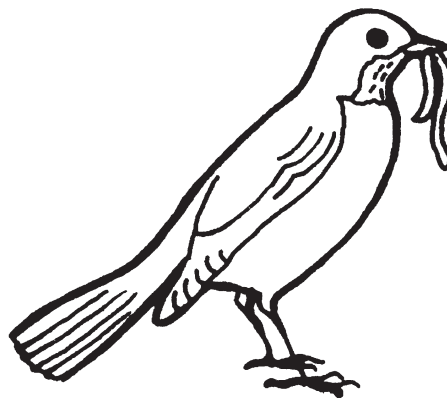
STATE WILDLIFE ANIMAL  
**HTWEI-EDIALT REDE**

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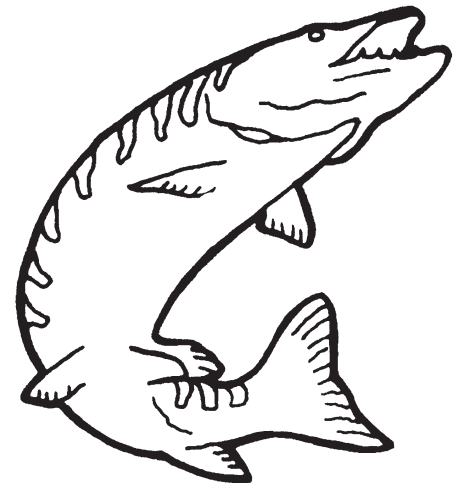
STATE FLOWER  
**DOWO TILOVE**

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STATE BIRD  
**OBRNI**

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STATE FISH  
**KGSNMEELULU**

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# LEGISLATIVE WORD SEARCH

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R E K A E P S Y L B M E S S A R S  
N F L O O R P E R I O D P C U O E  
I C D L E G I S L A T O R S T N V  
S A R C N N G R R A N T I A H R I  
N P S F O N M D U S L A H T O E T  
O I R I I U N S O L O E T S R V A  
C T O O T L R R E V E D T H S O T  
S O T E O P S T U T E S S Z S G N  
I L A E M S W R T E L O I V T R E  
W E N A G E N C Y O E E L P A M S  
M N E I N R S S T B G F T R T C E  
A I S B E E O E M A A E L L E R R  
D B H E C S V S E D V T O A A T P  
I O D O A I V S E G E G A S G E E  
S R N R O L H I A E L T M W O F R  
O D F I C F L O O R D E B A T E P  
N E R H B L O N L T E N I L T O H

AGENCY

ASSEMBLY SPEAKER

AUTHORS

BADGER

BEE

CAPITOL

COURT

DEER

DOVE

FLAG

FLOOR PERIOD

FLOOR DEBATE

GAVEL

GOVERNOR

HOTLINE

LEGISLATORS

MADISON

MAPLE

MOTION

REPRESENTATIVES

ROBIN

RULES

SEAL

SECOND

SENATORS

SESSION

SILT LOAM

SPONSORS

STATE

VETO


VIOLET

WISCONSIN

# WISCONSIN TRIVIA

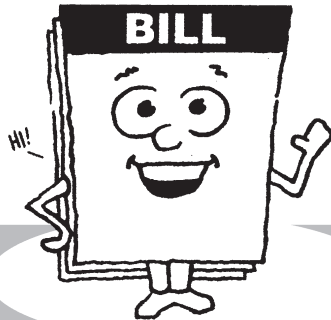
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Connect the dots from the clues in the first column  
to the correct answers in the second column.

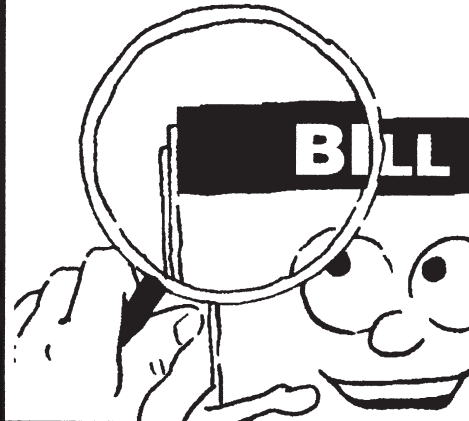
- |   |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| State animal <b>A</b>  | <b>1</b> Forward                 |
| State soil <b>B</b>   | <b>2</b> Sugar maple             |
| State motto <b>C</b>  | <b>3</b> Wood violet             |
| State song <b>D</b>   | <b>4</b> Robin                   |
| State mineral <b>E</b>  | <b>5</b> Muskellunge             |
| State tree <b>F</b>   | <b>6</b> Badger                  |
| State fossil <b>G</b>   | <b>7</b> White-tailed deer       |
| Largest lake <b>H</b>   | <b>8</b> On Wisconsin            |
| State fish <b>I</b>   | <b>9</b> Galena                  |
| Largest city <b>J</b>   | <b>10</b> Red granite            |
| State wildlife animal <b>K</b>  | <b>11</b> Dairy cow              |
| State insect <b>L</b>   | <b>12</b> Honey bee              |
| State rock <b>M</b>   | <b>13</b> Antigo Silt Loam       |
| State dance <b>N</b>  | <b>14</b> Trilobite              |
| State grain <b>O</b>  | <b>15</b> American Water Spaniel |
| State beverage <b>P</b>   | <b>16</b> Lake Winnebago         |
| State capital <b>Q</b>  | <b>17</b> Madison                |
| State flower <b>R</b>   | <b>18</b> Milk                   |
| State dog <b>S</b>  | <b>19</b> Corn                   |
| State domestic animal <b>T</b>  | <b>20</b> Polka                  |
| State bird <b>U</b>   | <b>21</b> Milwaukee              |

# How a BILL becomes a LAW

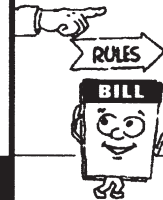
A bill may be introduced in either the Assembly or Senate, where it is read by the Chief Clerk—"First Reading."



A committee studies the bill and often holds public hearings on it.

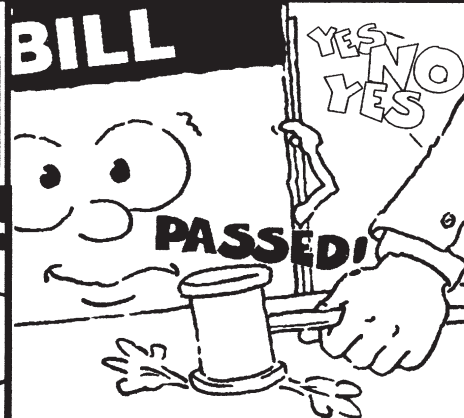
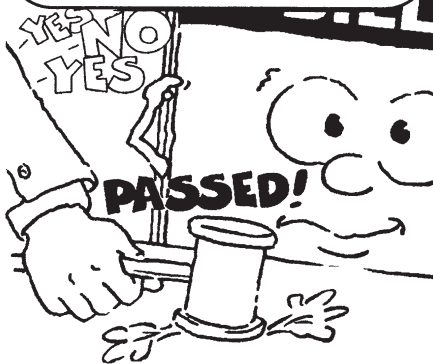


The committee votes and reports the bill out of committee. The bill is then most often referred to the Rules Committee.

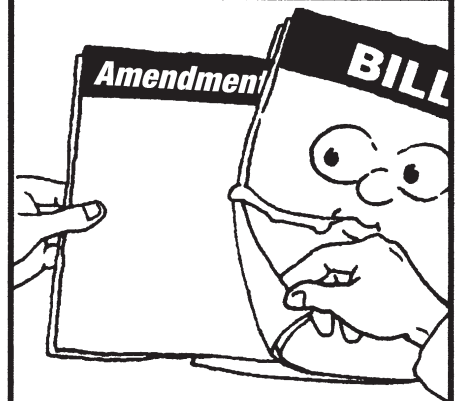


The Rules Committee can either place the bill on the calendar for Second Reading and debate before the entire Assembly, or take no action.

At the Second Reading a bill is subject to debate and amendment before being placed on the calendar for the Third Reading and Final Passage.

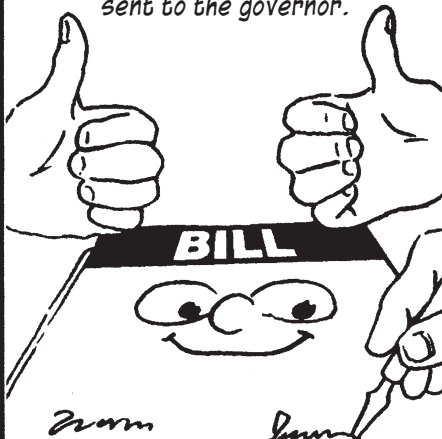


After passing one house, the bill goes through the same procedure in the other house.

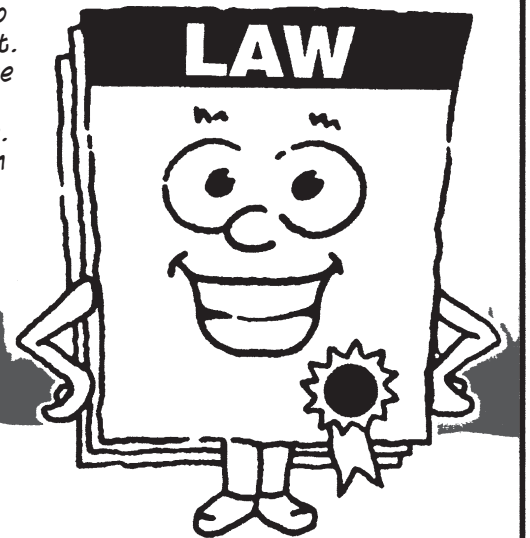


If amendments are made in one house, the other house must concur.

When the bill is accepted in both houses, it is signed by the respective leaders and sent to the governor.



The governor signs the bill into law or may veto all or part of it. If this happens, the legislature may override the veto with a two-thirds vote in each house. If the governor fails to act on the bill, it may become a law without a signature.



# WHERE CAN YOU FIND THESE PEOPLE AND THINGS IN THE CAPITOL?

Write the letter of your answer in the boxes.

**A** ROTUNDA

**B** SUPREME COURT

**C** GOVERNOR'S  
CONFERENCE ROOM

**D** SENATE

**E** ASSEMBLY

**F** NORTH  
HEARING ROOM

1.  Marble fireplace
2.  Steamboat
3.  Liberty Bell
4.  Wood floor
5.  Seven judges
6.  Old Abe
7.  Robert LaFollette
8.  Airplane
9.  Most gold in the Capitol
10.  Electronic voting board
11.  Wisconsin Constitution
12.  Stage coach
13.  Round table
14.  Biggest skylight
15.  Mosaics
16.  Dog
17.  Christian Herter
18.  James Doty
19.  Pacific
20.  Benjamin Franklin
21.  Cordelia Harvey
22.  Ceasar Augustus
23.  Atlantic
24.  George Washington
25.  Jean Nicolet
26.  Chief Oshkosh





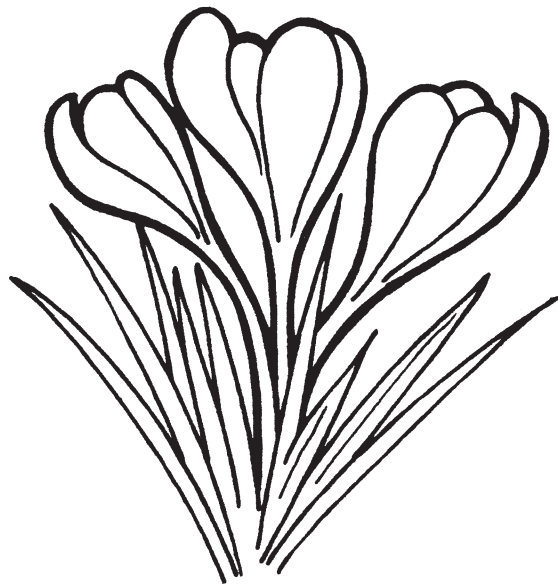
# Doodle Page



# SPRING FLOWERS YOU MAY SEE AT THE CAPITOL

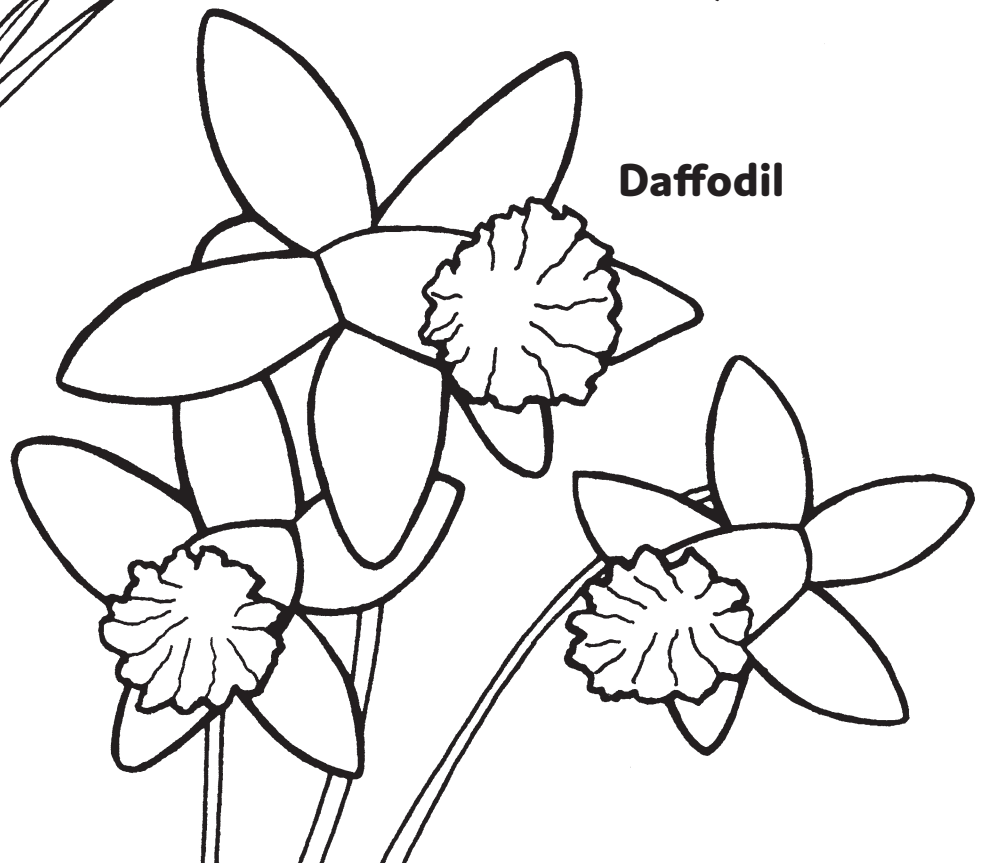
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Tulip

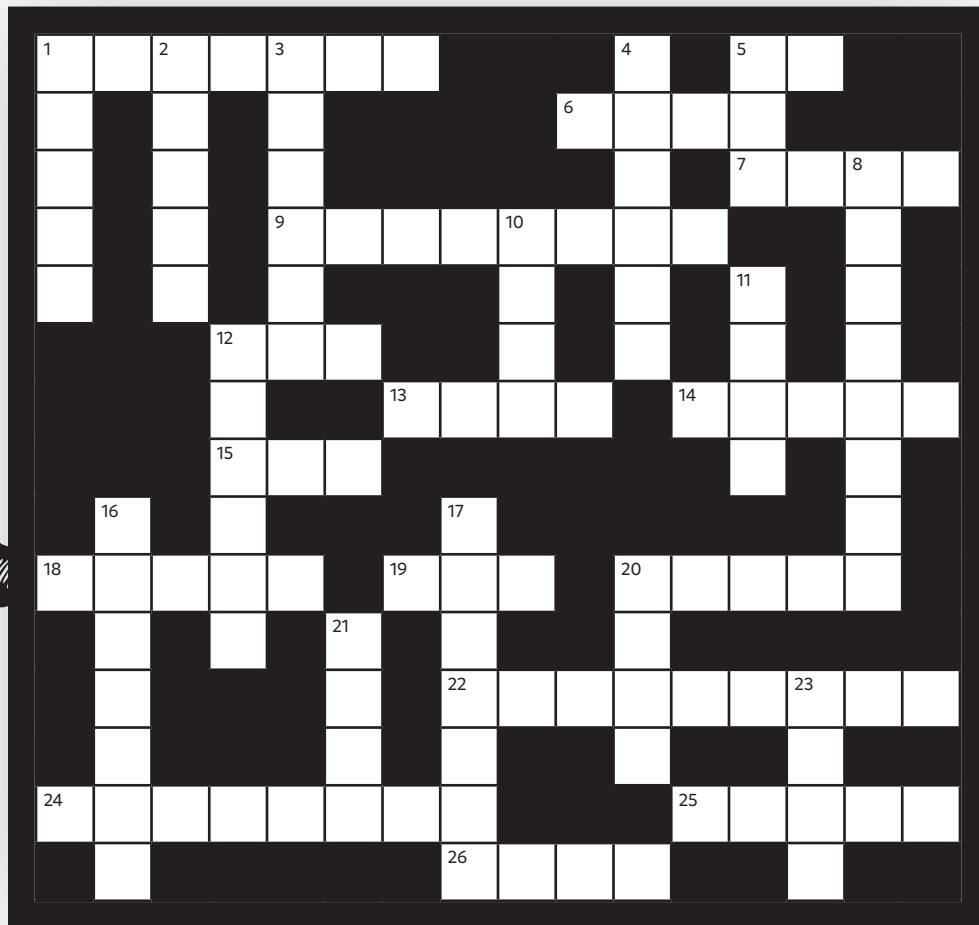


Crocus

Daffodil



# WISCONSIN STATE LEGISLATURE CROSSWORD



## Across

1. The capital of Wisconsin is \_\_\_\_\_
5. Our state song is "\_\_\_\_\_ Wisconsin"
6. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a proposed law awaiting legislative approval
7. Our state wildlife animal is the white-tailed \_\_\_\_\_
9. The Wisconsin State \_\_\_\_\_ has 99 members
12. The honey \_\_\_\_\_ is our state insect
13. Winnebago is our largest \_\_\_\_\_
14. Wisconsin became a \_\_\_\_\_ in 1848
15. The American Water Spaniel is our state \_\_\_\_\_
18. Wisconsin is bordered by two Great \_\_\_\_\_
19. Our state domestic animal is the dairy \_\_\_\_\_
20. The \_\_\_\_\_ is our state bird
22. We live in the state of \_\_\_\_\_
24. Our highest state office is \_\_\_\_\_
25. The \_\_\_\_\_ is our state dance
26. Madison is in \_\_\_\_\_ County

## Down

1. The sugar \_\_\_\_\_ is our state tree
2. One of Wisconsin's nicknames is the \_\_\_\_\_ State
3. The Wisconsin State \_\_\_\_\_ has 33 members
4. Our state flower is the wood \_\_\_\_\_
5. The eagle who watches over the State Assembly Chamber is named \_\_\_\_\_ Abe
8. The people of Wisconsin vote for senators, representatives, the governor, and other officials on \_\_\_\_\_ day
10. Our state beverage is \_\_\_\_\_
11. \_\_\_\_\_ is the governor's power to stop a bill
12. The \_\_\_\_\_ is our state animal
16. The Senate and Assembly chambers are in the \_\_\_\_\_ building in Madison
17. Our state motto is \_\_\_\_\_
20. Red granite is our state \_\_\_\_\_
21. Our state grain is \_\_\_\_\_
23. Antigo \_\_\_\_\_ Loam is our state soil

# WISCONSIN'S STATE ANIMAL

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Wisconsin is nicknamed "The \_\_\_\_\_ State" because of the lead mining industry in the 1800s. The miners dug tunnels into hillsides and lived in them during the winter. Connect the dots to see what your state animal looks like.



# LEGISLATIVE TERMS

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## ASSEMBLY

The 99-member “lower” house of the Legislature. Each Assembly member is called a “representative” and is elected for a two-year term.

## ASSEMBLY SPEAKER

A representative elected by fellow members of the Assembly to be the chief presiding officer of the Assembly.

## BILL

A proposed law awaiting legislative approval. A Senate bill (SB1, SB2, etc.) begins in the Senate. An Assembly bill (AB1, AB2, etc.) begins in the Assembly.

## COMMITTEES

Groups appointed in the Senate and Assembly to study bills on a particular subject area and determine whether or not to recommend them to become law.

## CONSTITUENTS

The people who live in a legislator’s district.

## FLOOR DEBATE

A discussion on the “floor” of the Assembly or Senate about a bill, amendment, or proposal.

## HEARING

A public meeting held to give citizens a chance to voice their opinions about a bill.

## LEGISLATORS

Members of the Wisconsin Legislature. The 99 members of the Assembly are called state representatives, and each represents about 58,000 people living within his or her Assembly district. The 33 members of the Senate are called state senators, and each represents a Senate district made up of three Assembly districts.

## LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT

The area represented by a senator or representative. In Wisconsin, there are three Assembly districts in each Senate district. There are 99 Assembly districts and 33 Senate districts.

## LOBBYIST

Someone who represents the views of industries, organizations, or government agencies before the Legislature. Individual citizens may also lobby their legislators on matters of concern to them.

## REFERRED

When a bill is sent to a committee or moved from one committee to another, it is said to be referred.

## STATE CAPITOL

The seat of state government in Wisconsin where the Assembly, Senate, Governor’s Office, and Supreme Court are located.

## SENATE

The 33-member “upper” house of the Legislature. Senators are elected for four-year terms.

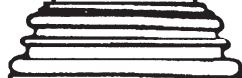
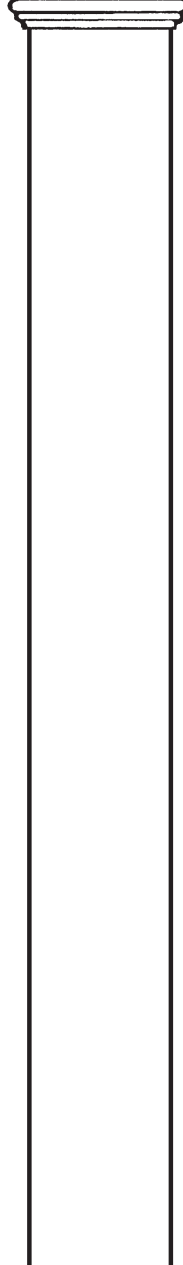
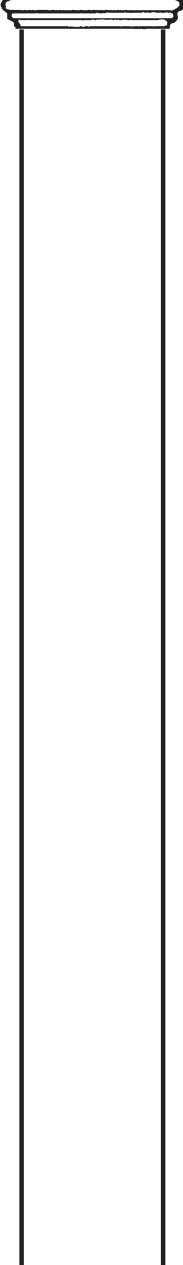
## TABLING

Putting off the vote on a bill until later. Many times this procedure means that the bill will receive no vote at all.

## VETO

The governor’s power to stop a bill (or part of a bill) from becoming law. The Legislature may “override” the veto with a two-thirds vote in each house. An override means the bill becomes law despite the governor’s veto.

Use this page to draw something you saw at the Capitol today—  
maybe a painting or statue, or even your tour guide.



Picture drawn by:

# ANSWERS



*no peeking!*

## The Wisconsin Coat of Arms

- State animal:  K
- State motto:  B
- Mineral wealth:  D
- Navigation:  I
- Prosperity and abundance:  E
- Labor on land:  C
- Agriculture:  G
- Mining:  H
- Labor on water:  A
- Manufacturing:  F
- Loyalty to the Union:  J

## State Symbols

- State tree: SUGAR MAPLE
- State wildlife animal: WHITE-TAILED DEER
- State flower: WOOD VIOLET
- State bird: ROBIN
- State fish: MUSKELLUNGE

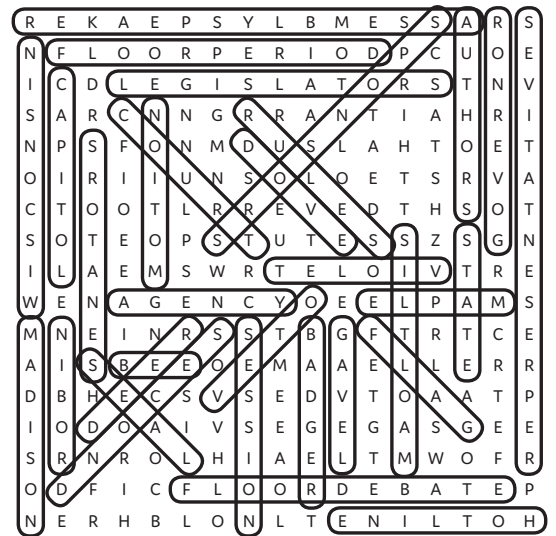
## Wisconsin Trivia

- A — 6
- B — 13
- C — 1
- D — 8
- E — 9
- F — 2
- G — 14
- H — 16
- I — 5
- J — 21
- K — 7
- L — 12
- M — 10
- N — 20
- O — 19
- P — 18
- Q — 17
- R — 3
- S — 15
- T — 11
- U — 4

## Where in the Capitol?

- 1  C
- 2  F
- 3  A
- 4  C
- 5  B
- 6  E
- 7  A
- 8  F
- 9  C
- 10  E
- 11  A
- 12  F
- 13  D
- 14  E
- 15  A
- 16  B
- 17  B
- 18  B
- 19  D
- 20  B
- 21  C
- 22  B
- 23  D
- 24  B
- 25  C
- 26  B

## Word Search



## Crossword

